Names of God - Elohim

times in the Bible!	
Elohim includes	_ power and might and complete;
and c	reativity.
We learn this from the usag see Heb. 11:3	ge in Scripture. The first usage is the very first verse, Gen. 1:1
the majestic qualities and a meaning the royal court an Later we see it encompasse	tes a word plural. God, singular is El. The original idea was ttributes of the Divine. Royalty often uses the plural "WE" d all its power and authority. See Gen. 1:26,27 'us' and 'our' es the Trinity. God's word can not contradict itself and being
• •	e of Moses was compatible with future revelation. Can you see
the Trinity in Gen. 1:2,3?	Col. 1:16

Elohim is the name that makes covenants with those He created. It is the name in which He reveals his power. Gen. 9:11-13 Elohim makes a covenant with Noah, an everlasting agreement. Gen. 12:1-3 Jehovah reveals God's ways and blessings but in Gen. 15:2-5 Abraham asks for a covenant by speaking to Jehovah Elohim. 13:17 He is given all the land he walks on. When enemy kings came and stole from what was to be his and his nephew Lot, he went after them. He was that bold because he had made a covenant with Elohim, the God of might and power.

Elohim, that same mighty God, gave Sarah strength to conceive in old age. If Elohim is for you who can be against you? He wants you to rely on him as your source of strength and power. Every time you see 'God' in the Old Testament think, "That is Elohim that wants to exhibit His mighty power to, in, and through me."

Scriptures on Mighty Elohim:

Psalms 91:2-4 Jeremiah 32:38-40 1Kings 8:23 Psalms 57:1-3